



## Material Safety Data Sheet

FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

### Momentive™ 4720

Revision Date 11-JAN-2012

#### 1. Product and company identification

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Product name</b>                     | Momentive™ 4720  |
| <b>MSDS Number</b>                      | 300000019104   |
| <b>Product Type</b>                     | Methylated Melamine Resin Systems  |
| <b>Product use</b>                      | Wood Adhesives, Composites, Laminates or Related Board Products  |
| <b>Manufacturer, Importer, Supplier</b> | Momentive Specialty Chemicals Inc.<br>180 East Broad Street<br>Columbus OH 43215<br><br>4information@momentive.com   |
| <b>Print date</b>                       | 12-JAN-2012  |
| <b>Telephone</b>                        | <b>For Emergency Medical Assistance</b><br>Call Health & Safety Information Services, 1-866-303-6949<br><br><b>For Emergency Transportation Information</b><br>CHEMTREC US Domestic (800) 424-9300<br>CHEMTREC International (703) 527-3887<br>CANUTEC CA Domestic (613) 996-6666<br><br>For additional health and safety or regulatory information, call 1 888 443 9466 . |

*Part of the CASCO® Brand of Adhesives and Resins from Momentive Specialty Chemicals*

#### 2. Hazards identification

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Form</b>               | Liquid   |
| <b>Odor</b>               | Slight amine   |
| <b>OSHA/HCS status</b>    | This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).  |
| <b>Emergency overview</b> | <b>WARNING !</b><br>COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR. HARMFUL IN CONTACT WITH SKIN OR IF SWALLOWED. INHALATION CAUSES HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, DROWSINESS AND NAUSEA AND MAY LEAD TO UNCONSCIOUSNESS. CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER. POSSIBLE DEVELOPMENTAL HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE ADVERSE DEVELOPMENTAL |

EFFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. POSSIBLE REPRODUCTIVE HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE ADVERSE REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS IN FEMALES, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. MAY BE FATAL OR CAUSE BLINDNESS IF SWALLOWED.

**Potential acute health effects**

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| <b>Inhalation</b> | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Slightly irritating to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. |
| <b>Ingestion</b>  | Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed.  |
| <b>Skin</b>       | Harmful in contact with skin. Slightly irritating to the skin.  |
| <b>Eyes</b>       | Irritating to eyes.   |

**Potential chronic health effects**

|                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| <b>Chronic effects</b>       | Contains material that can cause target organ damage. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed.  |
| <b>Carcinogenicity</b>       | Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.  |
| <b>Mutagenicity</b>          | No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| <b>Teratogenicity</b>        | No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| <b>Developmental effects</b> | Contains material which may cause developmental abnormalities, based on animal data.   |
| <b>Fertility effects</b>     | Contains material which may impair female fertility, based on animal data.   |
| <b>Target organs</b>         | Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: kidneys, liver, gastrointestinal tract upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS), Review Section 2 and 11 for any additional assessments. |

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Inhalation</b>                                     | Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting, respiratory tract irritation, coughing, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness, |
| <b>Ingestion</b>                                      | Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting, dizziness/vertigo, drowsiness/fatigue, headache, unconsciousness,   |
| <b>Skin</b>   | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness,  |
| <b>Eyes</b>   | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness,  |
| <b>Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure</b> | Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.                            |

**See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.**

### 3. Composition/Information on ingredients

| <u>Ingredient name</u> | <u>CAS number</u> | <u>WT %</u> |
|------------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Cellulose              | 9004-34-6         | 5.0 - 10.0  |
| Methanol               | 67-56-1           | 1.0 - 5.0   |
| 1,4-Butanediol         | 110-63-4          | 1.0 - 5.0   |
| Caprolactam            | 105-60-2          | 1.0 - 5.0   |
| Formaldehyde           | 50-00-0           | 0.1 - 1.0   |

\*\* Any applicable Canadian trade secret numbers will be listed in Section 15.

### 4. First aid measures

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Eye contact</b>                       | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.  |
| <b>Skin contact</b>                      | Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.   |
| <b>Inhalation</b>                        | Move exposed person to fresh air. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| <b>Ingestion</b>                         | Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.  |
| <b>Protection of first aid personnel</b> | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. If it is suspected that dust, vapor, mist or gas are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus.  |
| <b>Notes to physician</b>                | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.   |

See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

|                                     |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <b>Flammability of the product</b>  | Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. |
| <b>Extinguishing media Suitable</b> | Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.   |

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Not suitable</b>                                   | Do not use water jet.  |
| <b>Special exposure hazards</b>                       | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| <b>Hazardous combustion products</b>                  | Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides,   |
| <b>Special protective equipment for fire-fighters</b> | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.  |

## 6. Accidental release measures

|                                  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| <b>Personal precautions</b>      | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Do not breathe dust, vapor, mist or gas.   |
| <b>Environmental precautions</b> | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).  |
| <b>Large spill</b>               | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal. |
| <b>Small spill</b>               | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.   |

## 7. Handling and storage

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| <b>Handling</b> | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Avoid exposure during |
|-----------------|--|

pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Follow US NFPA 30, "Flammable & Combustible Liquids Code", or other national, state and local codes on safe handling of flammable liquids. Train workers in the recognition and prevention of hazards associated with the storage, handling and transfer of flammable liquids in the plant. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Do not breathe dust, vapor, mist or gas.

**Storage**

Store in an area designated for storage of flammable liquids (See NFPA 30 and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106). Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Ingredient name****Occupational exposure limits**

Cellulose

**ACGIH TLV Time Weighted Average (TWA)**10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>**OSHA PEL Time Weighted Average (TWA)**15 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

(total dust)

**OSHA PEL Time Weighted Average (TWA)**5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

(respirable fraction)

Methanol

**ACGIH TLV Time Weighted Average (TWA)**262 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 200 ppm**ACGIH TLV Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL)**328 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 250 ppm**OSHA PEL Time Weighted Average (TWA)**260 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 200 ppm

Caprolactam

**ACGIH TLV Time Weighted Average (TWA)**5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

(vapor and aerosols)

Formaldehyde

**ACGIH TLV Ceiling Limit Value**0.37 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 0.3 ppm**OSHA PEL Time Weighted Average (TWA)**

0.75 ppm

**OSHA PEL Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL)**

2 ppm

**Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.****Recommended monitoring procedures**

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

**Engineering measures**

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Respiratory**

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**Hands**

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Eyes**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

**Skin**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Environmental exposure controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Appearance</b>                                 |   |
| <b>Physical state</b>                             | : Liquid  |
| <b>Color</b>                                      | : White to gray/grey  |
| <b>Odor</b>                                       | : Slight amine  |
| <b>Odor threshold</b>                             | : Not available   |
| <b>pH</b>   | : 9.2 - 9.6 @25 °C(77 °F)   |
| <b>Freezing Point</b>                             | : Less than 0 °C(32 °F)   |
| <b>Boiling point</b>                              | : Approx. 100 °C (212 °F)   |
| <b>Flash point</b>                                | : 61 °C (142 °F)  |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                           | : Negligible  |
| <b>Flammable limits</b>                           |   |
| <b>Upper:</b>                                     | : Not available   |
| <b>Lower:</b>                                     | : Not available   |
| <b>Vapor pressure</b>                             | : Not available   |
| <b>Vapor density</b>                              | : Not available   |
| <b>Relative density</b>                           | : Approx. 1.1 - 1.35  |
| <b>Solubility</b>                                 | : Complete  |
| <b>Partition coefficient:<br/>n-octanol/water</b> | : Not available   |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>                  | : Not available   |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b>                  | : Not available   |
| <b>Viscosity</b>                                  | : Kinematic-Not available<br>Dynamic- 2,000 - 6,000 cPs @25 °C (77 °F) Brookfield |
| <b>Typical % solids</b>                           | : 63 - 73 % (m)   |

**Other information**

Not applicable.

**10. Stability and reactivity**

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Reactivity</b>                       | Normally stable, but will polymerize at high temperatures with some evolution of heat.   |
| <b>Stability</b>                        | The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.  |
| <b>Conditions to avoid</b>              | Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. |
| <b>Materials to avoid</b>               | Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials,  |
| <b>Hazardous decomposition products</b> | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.   |

**11. Toxicological information****Acute toxicity****Ingredient name**

|           |                 |        |                |
|-----------|-----------------|--------|----------------|
| Cellulose | LD50 Oral       | Rat    | > 5,000 mg/kg  |
|           | LC50 Inhalation | Rat    | > 5.8 mg/l/4 h |
|           | LD50 Dermal     | Rabbit | > 2,000 mg/kg  |
| Methanol  | LDLo Oral       | Human  | 143 mg/kg      |
|           | LD50 Oral       | Rat    | 5,628 mg/kg    |
|           | LDLo Dermal     | Monkey | 393 mg/kg      |

|                |                 |        |                        |
|----------------|-----------------|--------|------------------------|
| 1,4-Butanediol | LD50 Oral       | Rat    | 1,525 mg/kg            |
| Caprolactam    | LD50 Oral       | Mouse  | 930 mg/kg              |
|                | LD50 Oral       | Rat    | 2,140 mg/kg            |
|                | LC50 Inhalation | Rat    | 8.16 mg/l/4 h          |
|                | LD50 Dermal     | Rat    | > 2,000 mg/kg          |
| Formaldehyde   | LD50 Dermal     | Rabbit | 1,410 mg/kg            |
|                | LD50 Oral       | Rat    | 800 mg/kg              |
|                | LC50 Inhalation | Rat    | 0.578 mg/l 250 ppm/2 h |
|                | LD50 Dermal     | Rabbit | 270 mg/kg              |

### Other Toxicological Information

#### Carcinogenicity

##### **Conclusion/Summary**

The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies formaldehyde as "known to be a human carcinogen" with respect to nasopharyngeal cancer, sinonasal cancer and myeloid leukemia. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) classifies formaldehyde as "carcinogenic to humans". U.S. OSHA regulates formaldehyde as a potential human carcinogen. See the OSHA Formaldehyde Workplace Standard at 29 CFR 1920.1048 (the "OSHA Standard"). Safe handling and use instructions are provided in this MSDS and in the OSHA Standard. OSHA has identified 0.5 ppm, calculated as an eight-hour time-weighted average ("TWA") concentration, as the "Action Level". Please review and understand the guidance contained in this MSDS, and refer to the OSHA Standard for regulatory requirements that might be applicable to your operation and use. Many studies and other evaluations have been performed concerning formaldehyde's potential to cause cancer. To review some of these studies and for further information go to [www.osha.gov/SLTC/formaldehyde](http://www.osha.gov/SLTC/formaldehyde); <http://monographs.iarc.fr>; <http://ntp-server.niehs.nih.gov>; <http://epa.gov/iris/subst/0419.htm>; [http://www.nap.edu/catalog.php?record\\_id=13142](http://www.nap.edu/catalog.php?record_id=13142) and other authoritative websites.

#### **Classification**

##### **Ingredient name**

|                |       |                                     |
|----------------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| Cellulose      | ACGIH | Not classified                      |
|                | IARC  | Not classified                      |
|                | NTP   | Not listed                          |
|                | OSHA  | Not classified                      |
| Methanol       | ACGIH | Not classified                      |
|                | IARC  | Not classified                      |
|                | NTP   | Not listed                          |
|                | OSHA  | Not classified                      |
| 1,4-Butanediol | ACGIH | Not classified                      |
|                | IARC  | Not classified                      |
|                | NTP   | Not listed                          |
|                | OSHA  | Not classified                      |
| Caprolactam    | ACGIH | Not Suspected as a Human Carcinogen |

|              |       |   |
|--------------|-------|---|
| Formaldehyde | IARC  | IARC Group 4, probably not carcinogenic to humans |
|              | NTP   | Not listed  |
|              | OSHA  | Not classified                                    |
|              | ACGIH | Suspected human carcinogen.                       |
|              | IARC  | IARC Group 1, carcinogenic to humans              |
|              | NTP   | Proven.   |
|              | OSHA  | OSHA cancer potential                             |

## 12. Ecological information

### Environmental effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

#### Ingredient name

|              |             |                            |                                |
|--------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Methanol     | Fresh water | Acute EC50 13,000 mg/l/4 d | Rainbow trout, donaldson trout |
| Formaldehyde | Fresh water | Acute LC50 1.41 mg/l/4 d   | Rainbow trout, donaldson trout |
|              | Fresh water | Acute LC50 1.51 mg/l/4 d   | Bluegill                       |

### Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

### Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## 14. Transport information

The data provided in this section is for information only and may not be specific to your package size or mode of transport. You will need to apply the appropriate regulations to properly classify your shipment for transportation.

### International transport regulations

| Regulatory information | UN/NA number | Proper shipping name                                  | Classes/*PG   | Reportable Quantity (RQ) |
|------------------------|--------------|---|---------------|--------------------------|
| CFR                    | 1993         | COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Methanol, 1,4-Butanediol) | Class CBL III | Formaldehyde             |
| TDG                    |              | Non-regulated   |               |                          |
| IMO/MDG                |              | Non-regulated   |               |                          |

\*PG : Packing group

## 15. Regulatory information

### US regulations

HCS Classification Combustible liquid, Irritating material, Carcinogen, Target organ effects

U.S. Federal

SARA 311/312 Classification Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic)

regulations health hazard, Fire hazard

**SARA 313 - Supplier Notification**

This product contains the following toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, and Subpart C-Supplier Notification Requirement of 40 CFR Part 372.

Methanol - 67-56-1 ( 3.72%), Formaldehyde - 50-00-0 ( 0.31%),

**SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances** None required.

**State regulations** **Massachusetts RTK Substances** The following components are listed: Cellulose, Methanol, Caprolactam,

**New Jersey RTK Hazardous Substances** The following components are listed: Formaldehyde, Caprolactam, Methanol,

**Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances** The following components are listed: Formaldehyde, Caprolactam, Cellulose, Methanol,

**California Prop. 65:** WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. Formaldehyde - 50-00-0,

**Canada**

**WHMIS (Canada)**

Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).

Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic).

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

**Canadian lists**

**Canadian NPRI:** The following components are listed: Methanol,

**International regulations**

**Chemical Inventories**

Australia inventory (AICS) All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC) All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand inventory (NZIoC) Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS) All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) All components are listed or exempted.

## 16. Other information

**Hazardous Material  
Information System III  
(U.S.A.)**

Health : 2

Flammability: 2

Physical hazards : 0

Chronic : \*

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**Prepared by  
Date of issue  
Date of printing  
Version**

Product Safety & Regulatory Compliance Group, (614)225-4778

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**Notice to reader**

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